The aim of the Unified Tertiary Matriculation Examination (UTME) syllabus in Home Economics is to prepare the candidates for the Board’s examination. It is designed to test the candidate achievement of the course objectives, which are to:

1. Acquire knowledge on the concepts and principles of Home Economics education;
2. Apply the principles of foods and nutrition to meal planning and the adoption of safe sanitary habits;
3. Be able to select appropriate clothing for all occasions and body types;
4. Apply the knowledge of housing selection, planning the interior space arrangement of furniture and furnishing the home.

**DETAILED SYLLABUS**

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<td>1. <strong>Home Economics</strong></td>
<td>i. examine the importance of Home Economics;</td>
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<td>a. Meaning, scope and importance of Home Economics</td>
<td>ii. identify the objectives of Home Economics.</td>
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<td>b. Objectives and ideals of Home Economics</td>
<td>Candidates should be able to:</td>
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<td>2. <strong>Areas/Careers in Home Economics</strong></td>
<td>i. determine the scope of Home Economics;</td>
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<td>a. Home Economics</td>
<td>ii. recommend possible vocations in the different areas of Home Economics;</td>
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<td>- Interior decoration</td>
<td>iii. relate skills required to each vocation;</td>
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<td>- Credit management</td>
<td>iv. assess the benefits of each vocation to the individual and society;</td>
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<td>- Florist</td>
<td>v. identify current vocations in Home Economics;</td>
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<td>- Teaching</td>
<td>vi. identify sources of career information.</td>
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<td>c. Clothing and Textile</td>
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<td>- Early and childhood educator</td>
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| **3. Interrelationship of Home Economics** with other subjects: Biology, Geography, Chemistry, Agricultural Science and Fine Arts. | Candidates should be able to:  
  i. compare the different areas of study from which Home Economics derive its knowledge;  
  ii. determine the contributions of these subject to Home Economics. |
| **SECTION B: HOME MANAGEMENT** | | |
| **1. Home Management** | Candidates should be able to:  
  i. Highlight the meaning of home management;  
  ii. identify steps involved in the management process;  
  iii. determine issues for decision-making in the home;  
  iv. examine the role of motivators in home management. |
| a. Meaning of Home Management | | |
| b. Steps in the management process | | |
| c. Decision-making: meaning and process | | |
| d. Motivation for home management e.g. goals values, standards and needs. | | |
| **2. Resources** | Candidates should be able to:  
  i. identify the resources available to the individual and family;  
  ii. determine the steps involved in household budgeting;  
  iii. examine ways of family saving;  
  iv. apply the principle of time management to work simplification in the home;  
  v. examine the sources of income available to an individual;  
  vi. give reasons for saving family income;  
  vii. suggest alternative resources for home management;  
  viii. analyse the principles of money management. |
| a. Human Resources  
  - Time management; definition/types  
  - Types of worktime  
  - Factors influencing the use of time  
  - Advantages of time management  
  - Energy, definition and reasons for energy management  
  - Work simplification - its purpose  
  - guidelines for work simplification and time saving gadgets; | | |
| b. Material Resource: definition/types  
  - money management  
  - meaning and types of income  
  - principles of money management  
  - household budgeting; steps in making a budget  
  - economic security of the family  
  - bank accounts  
  - traditional savings, building societies and insurance. | | |
| **3. Family Living** | | |
| a. Definition and types of family  
  - Advantages and disadvantages of Family type  
  - Role of a family life cycle | Candidates should be able to:  
  i. compare types of family;  
  ii. differentiate between the types of relationships that exist in the family;  
  iii. determine the factors that influence family relationships;  
  iv. assess the influence of family size on family relationships;  
  v. identify characteristics and problems of adolescents. |
| b. Family relationships  
  - Husband/wife relationship, parent/child relationship, brother/sister or sibling relationships  
  - Factors that influence family relationship | | |
### Topics/Contents/Notes

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<td>c. Basic personality profiles</td>
<td>vi. compare the basic personality profiles (extrovert, introvert);</td>
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<td>- Meaning of Personality</td>
<td>vii. identify types of family crises;</td>
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<td>- Extroversion, introversion and Anxiety/stability</td>
<td>viii. suggest ways of solving family crises</td>
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<td>- Adolescents and their problems</td>
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<td>e. Family crises</td>
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<td>- Prepare for marriage</td>
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<td>- Meaning and purpose of engagement</td>
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<td>- types of marriage; Islamic, Christian, Court and Traditional</td>
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<td>- Planning a family.</td>
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<td>5. Pregnancy and childbirth</td>
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<td>b. Childcare, baby’s layette care of the baby, bathing, feeding etc.</td>
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<td>c. Care of toddlers</td>
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<td>- common ailments in children immunization.</td>
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<td>d. Child development</td>
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<td>- stages, social and emotional</td>
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<td>- Good habits and character training</td>
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<td>e. Play and play materials</td>
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<td>6. Housing the family</td>
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<td>- Factors that affect the choice of a house</td>
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<td>- Ways of acquiring a house</td>
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<td>b. Interior decoration</td>
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<td>- Wall finishing and the application of principles of art and design to</td>
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<td>- colours</td>
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<td>- textures</td>
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<tr>
<td>vi. compare the basic personality profiles (extrovert, introvert); vii. identify types of family crises; viii. suggest ways of solving family crises</td>
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<td>Candidates should be able to:</td>
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<td>i. differentiate between types of marriages in Nigeria;</td>
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<td>ii. compare the advantages and disadvantages of inter-tribal marriages.</td>
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<td>iii. analyse the role of courtship and engagement in marriages;</td>
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<td>iv. examine the different ways of planning a family.</td>
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<td>Candidates should be able to:</td>
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<td>i. describe the process from conception to birth;</td>
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<td>ii. determine the care an infant needs from birth to 5 years;</td>
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<td>iii. determine the factors that affect pregnancy;</td>
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<td>iv. analyse complications that arise during labour;</td>
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<td>v. differentiate between the stages of labour;</td>
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<td>vi. identify the symptoms of common ailments in children.</td>
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<td>vii. differentiate between the types of</td>
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<td>viii. trace the stages of development in children</td>
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<td>ix. recommend suitable play materials for children;</td>
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<tr>
<td>Candidates should be able to:</td>
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<tr>
<td>i. differentiate between a house and a home;</td>
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<td>ii. determine the factors that influence residential choice;</td>
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<td>iii. identify items that beautify living areas;</td>
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<td>iv. suggest suitable colours, textures and other related factors that should be considered in interior</td>
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### Home Economics

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<td>decoration;</td>
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<td>c. Furniture and furnishings in the home</td>
<td>v. determine factors that influence choice and arrangement of furniture;</td>
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<td>- Types</td>
<td>vi. compare different floral arrangements;</td>
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<td>- Factors that affect choices and position.</td>
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<td>d. Utilities in the Home</td>
<td>Candidates should be able to:</td>
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<td>- Water light etc.</td>
<td>i. identify utilities in the home;</td>
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<td>- Cooking fuels e.g. gas, coal, Kerosene and fire wood.</td>
<td>ii. appraise the advantages and disadvantages of these utilities in relation to their alternatives</td>
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<td>7. Home surface</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Types and care of surface and coverings</td>
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<td>- identification, preparation and use of cleaning agents such as water, soap, abrasives and polish</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Wood, tiles, formica, concrete plastics, linoleums, mats rugs and terrazzo.</td>
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<tr>
<td>- care, washing, sweeping, dusting, shampooing, buffing and polishing.</td>
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<td>8. Sanitation in the Home</td>
<td>Candidates should be able to:</td>
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<td>- Drainage systems – types</td>
<td>i. differentiate between the types of liquid household refuse;</td>
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<td>- Disposal of household refuse</td>
<td>ii. suggest ways of disposing household refuse;</td>
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<td>- Pest menace</td>
<td>iii. identify some disease transmitted by pests;</td>
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<td>- Pest control</td>
<td>iv. examine sources of pollution;</td>
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<td>- Pollution and health hazards</td>
<td>v. determine the health hazards of pollution.</td>
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<td>9. Consumer Education</td>
<td>Candidates should be able to:</td>
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<td>- Meaning and importance of consumer education</td>
<td>i. identify the types of media used by advertisers;</td>
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<td>- definition and types of market.</td>
<td>ii. assess its advantages and disadvantages</td>
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<td>- distributors or consumer agents</td>
<td>iii. determine sources of consumer, advice and information;</td>
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<td>- sources of consumer information</td>
<td>iv. apply the principles of consumer education to wise shopping;</td>
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<td>- purchasing practices</td>
<td>v. analyse the rights and responsibilities of the consumer.</td>
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<td>- advertising</td>
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<td>- consumer rights and responsibilities</td>
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<td><strong>1. Foods and Nutrition</strong></td>
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<td>a. definition of food and nutrition</td>
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<tr>
<td>- classification of nutrients, their source and function, deficiency diseases</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Classification of foods, cereals, fats and oils, sugars, milk and milk products, meat, fish pulses, nuts, fruits and vegetables.</td>
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<tr>
<td>b. The digestive system</td>
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<td>c. Nutrition for special groups e.g. infants, toddlers, adolescents.</td>
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<td><strong>2. Meal planning</strong></td>
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<td>a. Principles of meal planning</td>
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<tr>
<td>- differentiate between dietary needs and meals for special occasions/groups</td>
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<td>- preparation and serving of meals.</td>
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<td>- snacks and beverages</td>
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<td>b. Table setting, table manners and hostessing</td>
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<td><strong>3. Cookers and cooking</strong></td>
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<td>b. Reasons for cooking</td>
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<td>c. Methods of cooking</td>
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<td>- convection and radiation</td>
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<td>- care of cookers</td>
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<td>- moist and dry methods of cooking</td>
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<td><strong>4. Flours and uses</strong></td>
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<td>a. Types and uses of flours</td>
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<td>b. Raising agent e.g air, yeast, palmwine, steam, etc.</td>
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<td><strong>5. Basic mixtures</strong></td>
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<td>- Definition/uses</td>
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### OBJECTIVES

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<th>Candidates should be able to:</th>
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<tr>
<td>i. differentiate between the following terms: food nutrients, carbohydrates, mineral elements, fatty acids enzymes, metabolism and digestion;</td>
</tr>
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<td>ii. analyse the process which break down large food molecules;</td>
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<td>iii. recommend the nutritional need for special groups;</td>
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<td>iv. determine the reasons for the nutritional needs of the following:</td>
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<td>a. expectant/lactating mothers</td>
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<td>b. sedentary/manual workers</td>
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<td>c. children between 5 and 8 years</td>
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<td>d. adolescents.</td>
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<thead>
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<th>Candidates should be able to:</th>
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<tr>
<td>i. identify factors that influence the choice and preparation of food for the family;</td>
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<td>ii. plan meals for special groups/ occasions;</td>
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<td>iii. compare types of table setting;</td>
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<td>iv. determine the qualities of a good hostess.</td>
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<th>Candidates should be able to:</th>
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<td>i. suggest reasons for cooking food;</td>
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<td>ii. identify types of cooker and their care.</td>
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<td>iii. group the methods of cooking into the following:</td>
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<td>b. Dry methods</td>
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<td>c. Fast methods</td>
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<td>d. Slow methods</td>
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<tr>
<td>i. identify types of flours and their uses;</td>
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<td>ii. select appropriate raising agents for basic mixtures;</td>
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<td>iii. use flour to produce assorted food items;</td>
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<th>Candidates should be able to:</th>
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<td>i. differentiate between batters and pastries;</td>
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<td>ii. use batters and pastries for different purposes;</td>
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<td><strong>6. Recipes and methods</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>- Scientific methods in foods and nutrition</td>
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<td>- measure units and accuracy</td>
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<td>- various nutrients tests in food e.g test for protein, fats and carbohydrates.</td>
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<td><strong>7. The Kitchen:</strong></td>
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<td>- types of kitchen;</td>
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<td>- arrangement</td>
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<td>- tools and equipment</td>
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<td>- selection, use and care</td>
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<td><strong>8. Safety and hygiene</strong></td>
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<td>a. Common accidents in the home</td>
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<td>- causes of accidents in the home/preventive measures.</td>
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<td>b. First Aid; definition/components of a first aid kit</td>
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<td>- simple first aid for burns, scalds, cuts bruises, bleeding, electric shock, poisoning, choking and bites.</td>
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<td>c. Kitchen, personal and food hygiene</td>
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<td>- Communicable and non-communicable disease.</td>
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<td>d. Sense organs:</td>
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<td>- Exercise and cosmetics care of sense organs</td>
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<td><strong>9. Food Storage and Preservation</strong></td>
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<td>- methods of food preservation.</td>
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<td>- additives to convenience foods.</td>
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<td>c. Rechauffe dishes</td>
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<td>- advantages and disadvantages of rechauffe dishes</td>
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<td>10. Home Gardening</td>
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<td>- common gardening tools</td>
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<td>- advantages of home gardening</td>
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<td>1. Fibres and Fabrics</td>
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<td>a. origin of fibres</td>
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<td>- definition of textile terms, eg fibres, fabrics, yarn, staple, filament, blends and</td>
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<tr>
<td>dyne</td>
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<tr>
<td>b. classification and properties of fibres, eg cotton, rayon and silk</td>
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<td>c. fabric finishes: moth-proofing, embossing, durable pleating, flame-proofing and</td>
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<tr>
<td>stain-repellant</td>
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<td>d. Textile labelling</td>
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<td>- meaning and types</td>
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<td>- recognition of washing, cleaning and ironing symbols, wool symbols</td>
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<td>2. Sewing equipment and garment construction</td>
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<td>a. Sewing machine</td>
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<td>- types, parts, use and its care</td>
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<td>b. Basic process in garment construction e.g basic stitches, seams edge finishes,</td>
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<td>crossway strips</td>
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<td>c. Style features e.g collars, yokes, pockets, frills, cuts and belts.</td>
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<td>d. Arrangement of fullness e.g darts, tuck gathering, pleats, smocking and shirring</td>
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<td>e. Decorative design decorative Stitches, needlecraft e.g tarting, crotchetting,</td>
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<td>knitting, appliquée, patch work and soft toys</td>
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<td>f. Simple processes and mend garments e.g patching, darning and renovation, batik/tie</td>
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<td>and dye</td>
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<td>g. Garment construction</td>
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<td>- figure types, body measurement</td>
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<td>- choice of styles for different figures</td>
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<td>- factors influencing the choice of fabric</td>
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<td>h. Wardrobe planning and maintenance</td>
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### TOPICS/CONTENTS/NOTES
- basic rules in wardrobe planning
- factors affecting wardrobe planning, weather, occupation, personal features.
  i.  good grooming, dress sense and accessories.
- definition

### OBJECTIVES
- wardrobe planning;
  xiii. compare the following terms:
  a.  Good grooming
  b.  Dress sense
  c.  Accessories
  d.  Colour harmony

Candidates should be able to:
- arrange in correct order the processes involved in the washing finishing of clothing;
- compare the role of stiffeners and disinfectants in laundry work;
- suggest ways of removing common stains;
- differentiate between the following:
  a.  Laundry agents
  b.  Stains
  c.  Ironing temperatures.

### Laundry and care of clothes

| a.  Washing and finishing process, sorting, mending, removal of stains, soaking, rinsing, drying and ironing |
|---|---|
| b.  laundry agents – water, detergents, soaps, stiffness and disinfectants |
| c.  Stain |
| - meaning, types, removing |
| - agents, |
| - process of remova |
| d.  Iron and ironing temperature |
RECOMMENDED TEXTS


